

Hydrodynamic journal bearing

Comparison DIN 31652:2017 with KISSsoft 03-2017

In the following KISSsoft report, the different results from the standard are printed bold on the right side of the report.

For the comparison the 2 examples from the standard were used.

Example 1

- In this example were used for $v_{40} = 108.9$ and for $v_{100} = 10.78$ mm²/s
- The chapter 'heat output by the lubricant' has been calculated.
- In the example from the standard are taken the values (ϵ , β , μ/ψ_{eff}) from tables and in KISSsoft were the values calculated with formulas, that is the main reason for the small differences in the results.

→ The calculation corresponds to an accuracy of +/- 5%.

KISSsoft Release 03/2017			
KISSsoft-Entwicklungs-Version	KISSsoft AG	CH-8608 BUBIKON	
File			
Name	:	DIN 31652 Example 1	
Description:		KISSsoft Datensatz	
Changed by:		KISSsoft AG	on: 16.08.2017 at: 13:46:02

Important hint: At least one warning has occurred during the calculation:

1-> Bearing 1:

The temperature increase (15.4 °C.) of the oil is higher than 15 °C. !

The performance may be limited.

ANALYSIS OF HYDRODYNAMIC JOURNAL BEARINGS

Calculation according to DIN 31652:2017

Closed bearing

Heat transfer by lubricant

Oil inlet overpressure (bar) [pen] 5.00

Speed (1/min) [n] 2000.00

Type of oil			
Kinem. viscosity	oil at 40 °C (mm ² /s)	[v40]	108.90
Kinem. viscosity	oil at 100 °C (mm ² /s)	[v100]	10.78
Directional constants		[m]	3.714
Specific density at 15 °C (kg/dm ³)		[ρ]	0.900
Bearing diameter (mm)		[D]	120.00
Bearing width (mm)		[B]	60.00
Radial force (N)		[Fr]	36000.00
Bearing clearance at 20 °C (mm)		[s]	0.1200
Relative bearing clearance at 20 °C (%)		[s/D]	0.001000
Material shaft (Own input)	Steell		
Young's modulus (N/mm ²)	[E]	206000.00	
Poisson's ratio	[ν]	0.300	
Coefficient of thermal expansion (1/°C)	[α]	11.00 10exp-6	
Material hub (Own input)	Aluminium alloy		
Young's modulus (N/mm ²)	[E]	70000.00	
Poisson's ratio	[ν]	0.330	
Coefficient of thermal expansion (1/°C)	[α]	23.00 10exp-6	
Lubrication arrangement (according to ISO 7902-2:1998/ DIN 31652:2017):			
On lubrication hole, in opposite direction to load			
Lubrication hole diameter (mm)	[dH]	5.00	
Heat transfer surface (m ²)	[A]	300000.0000	
Heat transfer coefficient (W/m ² /K)	[kA]	20.0000	
Mean surface pressure (N/mm ²)	[p]	5.00	
Circumferential speed (m/s)	[U]	12.57	
Ambient temperature (°C)	[Tamb]	40.00	
Oil inlet temperature (°C)	[Ten]	58.00	
Oil outlet temperature (°C)	[Tex]	73.40	74.2
Operating temperature (°C)	[TB]	65.70	
Lubricant at service temperature:			
Specific weight (kg/dm ³)	[ρ]	0.8680	
Kinematic viscosity (mm ² /s)	[veff]	32.4657	
Dynamic viscosity (mPa*s)	[ηeff]	28.1806	
Volume specific heat (J/m ³ /K)	[ρ*c]	1907351	
Reynolds number (-)	[Re]	35.9971	44.6
Critical Reynolds number (-)	[Recr]	1049.0210	1300.2
Effective relative bearing clearance	[Ψeff]	0.0015	0.00154
Operating bearing clearance (mm)	[seff]	0.1860	
Thinnest lubricant film thickness (mm)	[h0]	0.0172	0.01557
permissible lubricant film thickness (mm)	[h0lim]	0.0090	
Sommerfeld number	[So]	2.0310	2.086
Coefficient of friction	[μ]	0.00444	
Friction power (kW)	[P _f]	2.0108	2.016
Eccentricity (mm)	[e]	0.0978	
Relative eccentricity	[ε]	0.8148	0.82
Misalignment angle (°)	[β]	29.88	32
Related lubricant throughput	[Q ₁ *]	0.096	
Related lubricant throughput	[Q _p *]	0.128	0.1229
Oil flow due to shaft rotation (l/min)	[Q ₁]	3.233	3.288
Oil flow due inlet pressure (l/min)	[Q _p]	0.875	0.918
Oil requirement (l/min)	[Q]	4.108	4.21

Additional information:

Cooling water requirement (l/min) (at 5 °C temperature difference)	[Qw]	5.759
Hole for oil supply (mm) (dimensioned of oil requirements at corresponding inlet pressure)	[bOil]	1.77

Code parameters for the shaft calculation:

Bearing stiffness at working point (N/μm)	[c_lag]	3383.9
Radial misalignment during operation (μm)	[Δs']	87.1299
X-direction:		
Stiffness (N/μm)	[cx]	-1686.1198
Clearance (μm)	[u0]	43.4142
Clearance (μm)	[u1]	-43.4142
z-direction:		
Stiffness (N/μm)	[cz]	-2933.9527
Clearance (μm)	[w0]	75.5435
Clearance (μm)	[w1]	-75.5435

The code parameters for the shaft calculation only apply when force is applied at 90°.

End of Report

lines: 99

Example 2

- In this example were used for ν_{40} and $\nu_{100} = 85.6 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$
- The heat dissipation is only through the lubrication, the heat emitting surface was set to $A = 0 \text{ m}^2$
- The oil supply pressure was also set to 0, because there is no additional pressure load.
- In the example from the standard are taken the values (ϵ , β , μ/ψ_{eff}) from tables and in KISSsoft were the values calculated with formulas, that is the main reason for the small differences in the results.

→ The calculation corresponds to an accuracy of +/- 5%.

KISSsoft Release 03/2017			
KISSsoft-Entwicklungs-Version	KISSsoft AG	CH-8608 BUBIKON	
File			
Name	:	DIN 31652 Example 2	
Description:		KISSsoft Datensatz	
Changed by:	KISSsoft AG	on: 16.08.2017	at: 13:54:09

ANALYSIS OF HYDRODYNAMIC JOURNAL BEARINGS

Calculation according to DIN 31652:2017

Half closed bearing

Heat transfer by lubricant

Oil inlet overpressure (bar)	[pen]	0.00
Speed (1/min)	[n]	85.70
Type of oil		
Kinem. viscosity oil at 40 °C (mm ² /s)	[ν_{40}]	85.60
Kinem. viscosity oil at 100 °C (mm ² /s)	[ν_{100}]	85.60
Directional constants	[m]	0.000
Specific density at 15 °C (kg/dm ³)	[ρ]	0.900
Bearing diameter (mm)	[D]	1000.00
Bearing width (mm)	[B]	750.00
Radial force (N)	[Fr]	1000000.00
Bearing clearance at 20 °C (mm)	[s]	1.0000
Relative bearing clearance at 20 °C (%)	[s/D]	0.001000
Material shaft (Own input)	Steel	
Young's modulus (N/mm ²)	[E]	206000.00
Poisson's ratio	[ν]	0.300
Coefficient of thermal expansion (1/°C)	[α]	11.00 10exp-6
Material hub (Own input)	Aluminium alloy	
Young's modulus (N/mm ²)	[E]	206000.00
Poisson's ratio	[ν]	0.300
Coefficient of thermal expansion (1/°C)	[α]	11.00 10exp-6
Lubrication arrangement (according to ISO 7902-2:1998/ DIN 31652:2017):		
One lubrication pocket, opposite to load direction		
Lubricant pocket width (mm)	[bP]	200.00
Heat transfer surface (m ²)	[A]	0.0000

Heat transfer coefficient (W/m ² /K)	[kA]	20.0000	
Mean surface pressure (N/mm ²)	[p]	1.33	
Circumferential speed (m/s)	[U]	4.49	
Ambient temperature (°C)	[Tamb]	20.00	
Oil inlet temperature (°C)	[Ten]	24.00	
Oil outlet temperature (°C)	[Tex]	29.32	31.3
Operating temperature (°C)	[TB]	34.00	
Lubricant at service temperature:			
Specific weight (kg/dm ³)	[ρ]	0.8902	
Kinematic viscosity (mm ² /s)	[νeff]	85.6000	
Dynamic viscosity (mPa*s)	[η]	76.2011	76.25
Volume specific heat (J/m ³ /K)	[ρ*c]	1800000	
Reynolds number (-)	[Re]	26.2105	
Critical Reynolds number (-)	[Recr]	1306.0207	
Effective relative bearing clearance	[Ψeff]	0.0010	
Operating bearing clearance (mm)	[seff]	1.0000	
Thinnest lubricant film thickness (mm)	[h0]	0.1235	
permissible lubricant film thickness (mm)	[h0lim]	0.0090	
Sommerfeld number	[So]	1.9497	1.95
Coefficient of friction	[μ]	0.00139	
Friction power (kW)	[Pf]	6.2575	7.625
Eccentricity (mm)	[e]	0.7555	
Relative eccentricity	[ε]	0.7555	0.77
Misalignment angle (°)	[β]	36.85	
Related lubricant throughput	[Q1*]	0.073	0.07
Related lubricant throughput	[Qp*]	0.000	
Oil flow due to shaft rotation (l/min)	[Q1]	39.184	37.7
Oil flow due inlet pressure (l/min)	[Qp]	0.000	
Oil requirement (l/min)	[Q]	39.181	
Additional information:			
Code parameters for the shaft calculation:			
Bearing stiffness at working point (N/μm)	[c_lag]	0.0	
Radial misalignment during operation (μm)	[Δs']	0.0000	

End of Report

lines: 85